# 2021 Consumer Confidence Report Data MILWAUKEE COUNTY GROUNDS, PWS ID: 24107787

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.

Dlaim ntawv tshaabzu nuav muaj lug tseemceeb heev nyob rua huv kws has txug cov dlej mej haus. Kuas ib tug paab txhais rua koj, los nrug ib tug kws paub lug thaam.

# **Water System Information**

If you would like to know more about the information contained in this report, please contact Jim Voigt at (414) 559-8656.

# Opportunity for input on decisions affecting your water quality

Milwaukee Regional Medical Center does not conduct regularly scheduled public meetings in regard to the public water system. Please contact Jim Voigt at jim.voigt@citywaterusa.com to provide input on decisions affecting the water quality.

## **Health Information**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Environmental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

# Source(s) of Water

Source ID	Source	Depth (in feet)	Status
1	Purchased Surface Water		Active

#### **Purchased Water**

PWS ID	PWS Name
24101000	MILWAUKEE WATERWORKS

To obtain a summary of the source water assessment please contact, Jim Voigt at (414) 559-8656.

#### **Educational Information**

The sources of drinking water, both tap water and bottled water, include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which shall provide the same protection for public health.

# **Definitions**

Term	Definition
AL	Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
HAL	Health Advisory Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine, if possible, why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine, if possible, why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system, or both, on multiple occasions.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MFL	million fibers per liter
MRDL	Maximum residual disinfectant level: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MRDLG	Maximum residual disinfectant level goal: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
mrem/year	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
pCi/l	picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
ppm	parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)
ppb	parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)
ppt	parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter
ppq	parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter
SMCL	Secondary drinking water standards or Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. The SMCLs do not represent health standards.
TCR	Total Coliform Rule
TT	Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## **Detected Contaminants**

Your water was tested for many contaminants last year. We are allowed to monitor for some contaminants less frequently than once a year. The following tables list only those contaminants which were detected in your water. If a contaminant was detected last year, it will appear in the following tables without a sample date. If the contaminant was not monitored last year, but was detected within the last 5 years, it will appear in the tables below along with the sample date.

#### **Disinfection Byproducts**

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2021)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
HAA5 (ppb)	MCG-9	60	60	3	3 - 3		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb)	MCG-9	80	0	9.6	5.4 - 11.3		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 (ppb)	PB-31	60	60	4	2 - 4		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb)	PB-31	80	0	10.2	5.4 - 11.0		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

#### **Inorganic Contaminants**

Contaminant (units)	Action Level	MCLG	90th Percentile Level Found	# of Results	Sample Date (if prior to 2021)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
COPPER (ppm)	AL=1.3	1.3	0.7200	0 of 20 results were above the action level.	8/5/2020	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
LEAD (ppb)	AL=15	0	7.40	1 of 20 results were above the action level.	8/5/2020	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

#### **Additional Health Information**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Milwaukee County Grounds is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

#### **Purchased Water**

Our water system purchases water from MILWAUKEE WATERWORKS. In addition to the detected contaminants listed above, the results from MILWAUKEE WATERWORKS are attached in their 2021 CCR for your review.

# **Other Compliance**

#### **Monitoring Violations**

Description	Contaminant Group	Sample Location	Compliance Period Beginning	Compliance Period Ending
DBP Monitoring/Reporting	Dbp	Distribution System	8/3/2021	8/13/2021
DBP Monitoring/Reporting	Dbp	Distribution System	11/1/2021	11/11/2021

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During the compliance period noted in the above table, we did not complete all monitoring or testing for the contaminant(s) noted within the monitoring period. Samples were collected shortly thereafter, and the results were well below MCL's established for these parameters. However, the samples were collected outside of the required regulatory sampling window, the Utility cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that exact time.

#### **Actions Taken**

The Milwaukee County Grounds water system missed the sampling window for disinfection by product sampling (DBP) in Q3 and Q4 of 2021. Samples were taken shortly after the window closed both times, and results were well below the MCL each time. The customers of the system were notified directly after each event.

### **Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies**

<b>Deficiency Description and Progress to Date</b>	Date System Notified	Scheduled Correction Date
System is not implementing a comprehensive Cross-Connection Control Program.	5/6/2021	3/31/2022

#### **Actions Taken**

The water utility has completed our cross-connection survey with the assistance of our customers. The Utility has documented backflow devices installed on all customer services and verified test dates. The Utility has identified and scheduled installation/replacement for services with insufficient backflow devices.